Occurrence and control of fruit diseases in atemoya

Hei-Lim Lee<sup>1</sup>

Abstract

Field surveys of atemoya fruit diseases in winter showed that there were

more then 7 fungal pathogens caused fruit diseases. The isolation frequencies

of different pathogens during Nov.1999 through Nov. 2000 were Botryodiplodia

theobromae 2.94% , Phomopsis sp. 17.65% , Phoma sp. 11.76% , Fusarium sp. 17.65

% , Colletotrichum spp. 17.65% , Phytophthora citrophthora 5.88% , Rhizopus

sexualis11.76%. The most important pathogens were Phomopsis sp., Fusarium sp.

and Colletotrichum spp.. The effects of different storage temperatures and

intervals on post harvest fruits were described. All the treatments were black

after 4days. None of the unpackaged fruits showed mycelium. Packaged fruits in

20°C begin to soften after 4days but after 8 days in 16°C . The higher

temperatures and longer storage intervals, the more serious fruits qulity

decline.

Key words: Atemoya, Fruit disease, Occurrence, Control

<sup>1</sup>Assistent Pathologist of Taitung DAIS

29